

注意事項：

1. 答題依題號順序劃記在答案卡上，寫在試題紙上者，不予計分；答案卡限用黑色 2B 鉛筆劃記，若未按規定劃記，導致電腦判讀系統無法正確判讀或掃描器無法讀取條碼者，其責任自負。
2. 答案卡不可書寫(或顯示)任何可辨別個人姓名或特殊標記，違者不予計分。
3. 請於試題紙右上角填寫准考證號碼，繳卷時「試題」、「答案卡」一併繳回。

I. 字彙與慣用語：請選擇一個最合適的答案，以完成該句。每題兩分

1. Everyone handles the _____ picture carefully because it was painted by Vincent van Gogh himself.
(A) greedy (B) flexible (C) genuine (D) edible
2. Cindy slammed the door in a(n) _____ and burst into tears. No one in the class knew why she was so angry.
(A) panic (B) temper (C) instant (D) hurry
3. Since soft drinks are not necessarily good for your health, bottled water is a good _____.
(A) substitute (B) beverage (C) liquid (D) substance
4. The doctor tried _____ to save the man who suffered a heart attack. He was declared dead one hour after being admitted to the hospital.
(A) for once (B) at last (C) in time (D) in vain
5. Even though I have lived here for more than 20 years, I have not yet _____ life in a big and busy city.
(A) focused on (B) faded away (C) accustomed (D) adjusted to
6. Linda was nibbling a piece of bread. Her mother shouted at her, "_____ your breakfast quickly, or you will be late for class."
(A) Cook (B) Eat (C) Serve (D) Purchase
7. The merciless mother doesn't seem to have any _____ for her little daughter.
(A) affection (B) confession (C) intention (D) reservation
8. I will not gain much from this project _____ money, but I agreed to do it because it will be a challenge for me.
(A) for the sake of (B) on the basis of
(C) in terms of (D) at the risk of
9. The workers learned the final result of the negotiations, but they'll never know what went on _____.
(A) behind the time (B) in the way
(C) in the spotlight (D) behind the scenes
10. On Tomb Sweeping Day, the government always reminds citizens to _____ their fire before leaving the graveyard.
(A) set off (B) take off (C) put out (D) throw off

II. 文法選擇：請選出一個最合適的選項，以完成正確句子。每題兩分

11. The teacher asked Albert if he _____ his homework.
(A) has done (B) had been done
(C) had done (D) would be done
12. I don't like hamburgers, _____ like hot dogs.
(A) nor do I (B) nor I do (C) nor I don't (D) I don't either
13. Why not _____ to see a movie with me tonight?
(A) to go (B) go (C) going (D) be going
14. The two friends, _____ themselves with fishing tackle, arrived at the bank of the river and began to fish.
(A) had supplied (B) had been supplied
(C) having supplied (D) have supplied
15. Her mother insisted that she _____ back home by mid-night.
(A) shall be (B) was (C) is (D) be

16. The longer the length of the gaze, the more likely _____ that the listener is interested in the person who is speaking.
 (A) is (B) that is (C) that it is (D) it is
17. Not until reaching the age of 35, _____ real success through the release of her best-selling novel *Harry Potter*.
 (A) J.K. Rowling achieved (B) J.K. Rowling did achieve
 (C) did J.K. Rowling achieve (D) is J.K. Rowling achieved
18. I regretted _____ dinner in that restaurant. The food was awful and the service was bad, too.
 (A) to have (B) having (C) have (D) had
19. _____ that we were doing the right thing, I kept working on the project.
 (A) Convinced (B) Convincing (C) To convince (D) Convince
20. Unemployment has risen sharply _____ has alarmed the government. It doesn't help that many companies have been relocating to China.
 (A) which (B) that (C) ,which (D) ,that

III. 簡短對話：請選出一個最合適的選項，以完成對答。每題兩分

21. A: How is Janet like at work?
 B: _____
 (A) She enjoys reading novels a lot. (B) She feels better now.
 (C) She is diligent and intelligent. (D) She is wearing a blue blouse.
22. A: What's been eating you lately?
 B: _____
 (A) I've been having mostly vegetables. (B) I've got a lot on my mind.
 (C) Lately, things have been great. (D) Last night, I watched a movie.
23. A: May I see your boarding pass?
 B: _____
 (A) No, you may not. (B) I've never played football.
 (C) No, I didn't pass that class. (D) Here you go.
24. A: You look worn out. What have you been doing?
 B: _____
 (A) I just went for run. (B) I've been sitting here all day.
 (C) My friends just visited. (D) I haven't worn that T-shirt yet.
25. A: I've just bought a flat screen TV.
 B: _____
 (A) So did I. (B) So have I. (C) Me neither. (D) Nor will I.
26. A: I haven't had a good sleep for ages.
 B: _____
 (A) I'm 15 years old. How about you? (B) Yes, I did. Thank you.
 (C) Really? That sounds wonderful. (D) Why not? Is there something wrong?
27. A: Are the minutes prepared yet?
 B: _____
 (A) I can give you ten more minutes.
 (B) I'm afraid not. The board members asked me to retype them.
 (C) He said he's well-prepared for the test.
 (D) My friends are all paired off.
28. A: Since the flight is delayed, how about we go and get a coffee?
 B: _____
 (A) Yes, a drink would pass the time.
 (B) But the flight has already left.
 (C) Oh no, when will you get here?
 (D) Is that regular coffee or cappuccino?

29. A: What do you think of Harry?
 B: _____
 (A) He always plays volleyball after school.
 (B) He is kind and generous.
 (C) He is always wearing black T-shirt.
 (D) Don't you like him?
30. A: How did you get that black eye?
 B: _____
 (A) No, my vision is good. (B) No, they are blue.
 (C) I didn't wear sunglasses. (D) In a fight with a boy at school.

IV. 綜合測驗：請依各篇短文文意，選出一個最適合該空格的答案。每題兩分

New technology makes people's lives more convenient. In the past, people ___31___ write letters to contact their family and friends from a distance. People could only use words to show their feelings. Later, the ___32___ of the telephone shortened the distance between people and made communication much easier. ___33___ sending mail, people could talk with each other on the phone. Nowadays, the use of the Internet provides people ___34___ more convenience. They can do almost everything when surfing the Net, such as shopping, booking a hotel room, and even finding their ideal mate. ___35___ cannot be denied is that people's lives have been really improved by the new technology.

31. (A) is used to (B) use to (C) used to (D) used
 32. (A) invention (B) invitation (C) information (D) nomination
 33. (A) Instead of (B) In spite of (C) Because of (D) Speaking of
 34. (A) of (B) at (C) on (D) with
 35. (A) It (B) That (C) What (D) Which

The Bush administration rejected the 1997 Kyoto Protocol, which ___36___ to save the planet from global warming by reducing industrialized countries' emissions of greenhouse gases by 2012. ___37___ the U.S., Australia also refused to sign the agreement. For one thing, they complain that big ___38___ countries such as India and China were let off the ___39___. However, with their rapid economic growth, India and China are responsible for very high emissions of greenhouse gases. For another, the protocol will gravely damage the economies of America and Australia and destroy their jobs. A lot of factories might be shut down, and the American and Australian ___40___ will lose out to emerging countries like India and China.

36. (A) intends (B) is intended (C) is intending (D) intended
 37. (A) Except for (B) Owing to (C) Like (D) Despite
 38. (A) developed (B) developing (C) foreign (D) communist
 39. (A) hook (B) nail (C) tool (D) foot
 40. (A) governments (B) arms (C) populations (D) industries

V. 閱讀測驗：下面有兩篇短文，請閱讀短文後，選出一個最適合該題的答案。每題兩分

A recent study conducted in Hong Kong has concluded that many of the latest computer games contain violent images that are likely to make teenagers more violent and aggressive in real life.

The object of 90 percent of the most popular games is to kill the people or creatures on the screen. Psychologists suggest that people who indulge in such games tend to be more violent towards (other) people as well. Connie Lam, a Form 4 student, agreed with Dr. Chak's conclusion. "Whenever I look into a video arcade, I always see quite a few **rough-looking** boys."

Game-playing teenagers, on the other hand, were unimpressed by the conclusions of the study. "Yes, of course the games are violent," said Danny Yeung, another Form 4 student, "but you express your violent feelings through the game and afterwards, you don't feel the need to be angry or aggressive in the real world."

41. From this passage we can conclude that _____.
- (A) it is difficult to determine whether violence in computer games can make teenagers become violent
 (B) violence in computer games results in violence in society
 (C) violence in computer games can help reduce crime
 (D) researchers don't understand teenagers
42. The research under discussion has been questioned by _____.
- (A) psychologists (B) video arcade owners
 (C) ordinary students (D) video game players
43. The student who agrees that violence in computer games makes teenagers become violent _____.
- (A) is a video game player herself
 (B) never plays video games in a video arcade
 (C) is one of the researcher's students
 (D) lives near a video arcade
44. According to this passage, teenagers who play video games _____.
- (A) cannot tell virtual reality and the real world
 (B) don't think that video games are violent
 (C) try to calm their anger through video games
 (D) tend to make the headlines by fighting in video arcades
45. "Roughing-looking" boys are _____.
- (A) fierce (B) ugly (C) mysterious (D) innocent

What would you come up with if you were asked to build a special house for people to use in the Arctic? Most people might think of something like an igloo. An igloo is a small house that is made from blocks of snow. It's hard for people to imagine life in an igloo; they might think that it would be too cold to live in. However, living in an igloo is not as uncomfortable as people might think. As a matter of fact, it's quite warm inside because the snow blocks that igloos are made from are firm and strong; they can stop cold air from coming inside. People can even light an oil lamp inside an igloo. Although lighting an oil lamp might produce some smoke, it isn't smoky inside because the smoke escapes through the chimney. Also, in an igloo, people don't usually sit directly on the icy ground. Instead, there are some animal bones that are covered with animal furs. Therefore, it's quite comfortable to stay in an igloo. It is so **cozy** that you might wish to live in one **for good**. Unfortunately, an igloo can only be used in the winter. When spring comes, the igloos will melt away because of the heat.

46. An "igloo" is most likely _____.
- (A) a sort of block (B) a sort of house
 (C) a sort of smoke (D) a sort of animal
47. According to the passage, why isn't an igloo as cold as people might imagine?
- (A) People can build an igloo from animal bones
 (B) The blocks are firm enough to keep the cold air outside
 (C) The smoke inside the igloo keeps people warm
 (D) People have to put on heavy coats inside the igloo
48. The word "cozy" can best be replaced by _____.
- (A) large (B) chilly (C) cherished (D) comfortable
49. The phrase "for good" means _____.
- (A) forever (B) for a while (C) for a good mood (D) for a good price
50. The tone of the passage is _____.
- (A) mocking (B) outraged (C) informational (D) humorous